A Big Earth Data Platform for Three Poles

**Qinghai spruce canopy interception at 2800m above sea level in Pailougou watershed (2011-2013)**

1、Description

Forest canopy interception refers to the hydrological process in which part of water is intercepted and received by forest canopy and redistributed to precipitation in the process of precipitation. The data include precipitation, throughfall, canopy interception and interception rate, which are mainly used to provide data support for understanding the eco hydrological process of Picea crassifolia forest.

2、Keywords

Theme：降水量, 冠层截留, 青海云杉林, 截留率
Discipline：Biogeography, Eco-hydrology
Places：Heihe River Basin, Pailugou
Time：2011 to 2013

3、Data details

1.Scale：None

2.Projection：None

3.Filesize：0.3MB

4.Data format：EXCEL

4、Space scope

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| - | north：38.558 | - |
| west：100.286 | - | east：100.307 |
| - | south：38.529 | - |

5、Time frame:2011-01-11 03:07:00+00:00--2014-01-06 03:07:00+00:00

6、Reference method

References to data:

CHANG Xuexiang. Qinghai spruce canopy interception at 2800m above sea level in Pailougou watershed (2011-2013). A Big Earth Data Platform for Three Poles, doi:10.3972/heihe.003.2014.db2014

References to articles:

7、Supporting project information

8、Data resource provider

name: CHANG Xuexiang
unit: Cold and Arid Regions Environmental and Engineering Research Institute, Chinese Academy of Sciences
email: chxx@lzb.ac.cn